

# Operating Manual for d2Flex UIF, UIP & UIB2 (V2.04)

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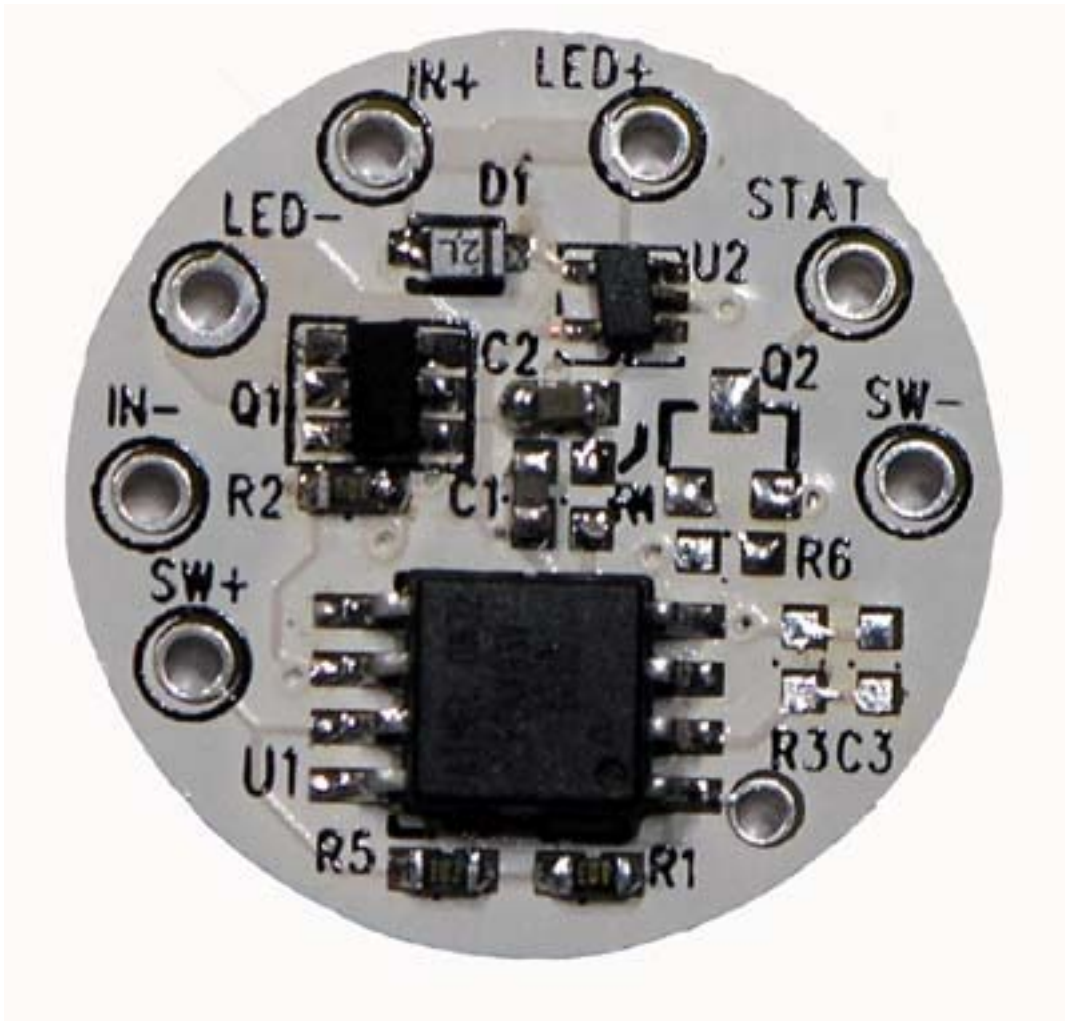
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# 1 Description

The heart of d2Flex is a Microcontroller (uC) that contains the user interface firmware. Features of this circuit/UI combination include:

- Choice of 3 different User Interfaces, UIF fixed lighting optimized, UIP portable lighting optimized and UIB2 bicycle lighting optimized.
- PWM dimming (no current regulation)
- Single switch to select from various brightness levels, turn the unit on/off, select the operating modes and set menu options.
- Non-volatile (EEPROM) storage of operating mode, last selected brightness level, and other operating conditions.
- Temperature sensing with user configurable trip point to limit output current to protect the driver and/or LED.

## 1.1 Wiring the d2Flex



The picture shows the connections to d2Flex. The user provides DC power to the d2Flex (via battery, DC wallwart, vehicle/boat/RV 12V. d2Flex is reverse polarity.

d2Flex requires a user supplied switch that is connected via leads soldered to the holes SW+ and SW-. The switch needs to be a momentary action, push to close type, i.e. normally open contacts. SW- is electrically the same as IN-.

Input power is connect via IN+ (positive input voltage) and IN- (negative input voltage).

The LED load is connected to LED+ (positive LED) and LED- (negative LED). NOTE: LED- is NOT the same as IN-.

Temperature sensing is performed within the uController, the 8 pin IC in the center of the PCB in the picture above.

Below is the view of the other side of the d2Flex board



When soldering wires to the through holes/pads on the PCB, be careful to not short or accidentally desolder components near where you are soldering. Use a quality solder with non-corrosive, non-conductive (no clean) flux. Do NOT try to drill out or expand the holes.

## Definitions

- CLICK – a short, less than 0.3 seconds press and release.
- PRESS – a longer, greater than 0.3 seconds press and hold.
- Force – an option to always have the light turn on at a specific user-selected level.
- UI – User Interface.
- EEPROM – non-volatile memory. Stored data will remain even if battery is disconnected.
- LED – Light Emitting Diode. As used here, it typically refers to the light's main LED(s).

## 2 Turning the d2Flex ON the first time

**Do not apply power to d2Flex unless an LED is connected. This is to protect the LED from voltage spikes if it is connected to d2Flex after power has been applied.**

d2Flex is shipped with Poweron mode turned on. When power is first applied, d2Flex will drive the LED at the lowest level.

### ***2.1 Initial Power Application***

IF the firmware is configured for UIB2 base:

Upon initial power application to the circuit, the main LED will flash quickly and dimly for three seconds to indicate that the “Menu entry window” is open. If three seconds pass with no switch action, the LED will light (because Poweron Mode is active by default) at the lowest level. The circuit is on and ready to use.

IF the firmware is configured for UIF/UIP base mode (shipping default):

Upon initial power application to the circuit, the light will turn on (because Power Mode is active by default) at the lowest level. The circuit is on and ready to use.

## 3 Overview of the User Interfaces (UIs) and the Control Menu

### 3.1 Fixed (UIF)

Intended for lanterns, household and automotive lighting. Eight brightness levels. Ability to turn on at lowest setting, and quickly change to highest setting without scrolling. Press while on to scroll all levels. Click turns on, and click turns off.

### 3.2 Portable (UIP)

Intended for hand-held torches. Five brightness levels. Ability to turn on at lowest setting. Ability to switch directly to high setting from any other level. Press while off to scroll all levels. Click turns on, and click turns off.

### 3.3 Bicycle (UIB2/UIB2Q)

Intended for bicycle lighting. Separate modes for constant and strobe (two, three or five levels each). From off, a click turns on to constant mode, and a long press turns off. From off, a press turns on to strobe mode, and a long press turns off. Constant and strobe modes are identical in operation and Menu choice – except for the click or press to enter the individual modes. In the 2-level Duomode, brightness changes are controlled by clicking to toggle between the two chosen levels. In the 3-level Threemode, clicking increases brightness to the upper two levels and then toggles between those two levels, a press will dim to the lowest level and further pressing will turn the light off. In the 3-level Trimode, clicking toggles through the three levels and wraps back to the lowest level. In 5-level Multimode, clicking increases brightness and pressing decreases brightness.

### 3.4 Menu features/choices of all UIs

**Bold** is factory default.

1. Force Level (choose level for initial on, or **disable**)
2. Reserved
3. If in UIF/UIP base mode  
    Select UIF or **UIP**  
else if in UIB2 base mode  
    If Duomode (L1, L2, L3, L4).  
    Threemode or Trimode first select: low (L1, L2, L3, L4) and then select: med (L1, L2, L3, L4)
4. SuperLock (**disable**, enable)
5. Reserved
6. Reserved
7. Reserved
8. Reserved
9. Power On (disable, **enable** “on” function when power is applied)
10. Reset (Menu selections reset to shipping defaults)
11. Thermal Protection (trip point that reduces power to L3 if the system is at risk of overheating.  
    50°C, 60°C, 70°C, 80°C, 90°C, **disable**)
12. Autosleep selection (only active for UIF or UIP) (15min, 30min, 1hr, 2hr, 4hr, 8hr, **disable**)
13. UIB2, UIB2Q or UIF/UIP base mode Selection (UIB2, UIB2Q, UIF/UIP)  
    UIB2: (Duomode, Threemode, Trimode, Multimode)  
    UIB2Q: (Duomode, Threemode, Trimode, Multimode)  
**UIF/UIP**

Note: Snip and save the above Menu table for quick reference.

## **4 UIP (Portable lighting optimized User Interface), 5 Discrete Levels**

There are 6 operating modes for UIP. They are described below.

### **4.1 On/Off Mode UIP**

To turn on the light, click the switch. The light will turn on at the previous level or the Force level if Force is enabled.

To turn off the light, click the switch.

### **4.2 Adjustment Mode UIP**

To adjust the brightness of the light, start with the light off and press the switch.

The light will always turn on at Level 1 (dimkest level) and in the brightening direction.

Release the switch at the desired level, and that new level will be stored in the EEPROM. Pressing the switch again (within 1.5 seconds) will start the light adjustment in the opposite direction (the direction toggles each time).

When the light reaches the dimkest or brightest level it will stay there until the switch is released. Once the switch is released for longer than 1.5 seconds no more brightness adjustment is possible without turning off the light and starting the sequence again.

### **4.3 Latched Full Brightness Mode UIP**

With the light turned on, a press will latch to Level 5 (brightest). A second press will unlatch and return the light to the original brightness level.

To turn off the light, click the switch.

### **4.4 Superlock Mode UIP**

To prevent accidental turn on or unintended use the light can be electronically locked out. Lockout can be manually selected each time prior to turning off the light, or a menu option (see Sec 7.4) can automatically lock out the light each time it is turned off.

To manually enter lockout, begin with the light on and ensure light has been on for at least 1 second. Then click the switch rapidly three times, no more than 0.3 seconds apart. The light will cycle off/on/off and wait for 2.5 seconds (a press during this time enters the menu mode) then flash three times and turn off. The light is now in Lockout Mode and can only be turned on again by three clicks spaced no more than 0.3 seconds apart or by removing and reconnecting the input power.

### **4.5 Autosleep Mode UIP**

If Autosleep is enabled (see Sec 7.12), the timer will reset and start counting whenever a switch click or press occurs. When the selected number of minutes goes by without a click or press, the Autosleep function will commence dimming the light. The brightness level will visibly drop after each subsequent minute until the lowest light level is reached. After a further 10 minutes elapses from the start of dimming the light will turn itself off.

A press during any time after the dimming has commenced will return the light to its starting brightness level prior to dimming having started.

To turn off the light at any time during the sequence, click the switch.

## **4.6 Force Mode UIP**

This mode is selected from the menu (see Sec 7.1). Force mode overrides the initial turn-on brightness level that was set via the Adjustment Mode on the previous turn off. The user can always set a new temporary light level by using the Adjustment mode during turn-on, but it will be overridden the next time the light is turned off and back on.

## **5 UIF (Fixed lighting optimized User Interface), 8 Discrete Levels**

There are 6 operating modes for UIF. They are described below.

### **5.1 On/Off Mode UIF**

To turn on the light, click the switch. The light will turn on at the previous level or at the Force level if Force is enabled.

To turn off the light, click the switch.

### **5.2 Turning the d2Flex ON to an alternate brightness level UIF**

Pressing the switch for longer than  $\frac{1}{2}$  a second but less than 1.5 seconds will select the nightlight illumination level. This level is stored in the EEPROM as the current illumination level.

Pressing the switch for longer than 1.5 seconds will select the full brightness illumination level. This level is stored in the EEPROM as the current illumination level.

### **5.3 Adjustment Mode UIF**

There are 7 equally spaced brightness levels (human eye model) in addition to the nightlight level. With the d2Flex already switched on, the user can scroll through the brightness levels by pressing the switch for longer than  $\frac{1}{2}$  a second. The brightness will either increase or decrease one level every  $\frac{1}{3}$  of a second. d2Flex will toggle from the bright or dim direction each time the switch is released.

If the light is turned on and the light starts in nightlight mode, then the direction is initially set to increasing. If the unit is turned on and the unit starts in full bright mode, then the direction is initially set to decreasing. If the unit is turned on at any in between level then the direction is initially set to decreasing.

Each time the brightness level is changed, the new level is stored in EEPROM ready to be retrieved next time the light is turned back on.

### **5.4 Superlock Mode UIF**

To prevent accidental turn on or unintended use the light can be electronically locked out. Lockout can be manually selected each time prior to turning off the light, or a menu option (see Sec 7.4) can automatically lock out the light each time it is turned off.

To manually enter lockout, begin with the light on and ensure light has been on for at least 1 second. Then click the switch rapidly three times, no more than 0.3 seconds apart. The light will cycle off/on/off and wait for 2.5 seconds (a press during this time enters the menu mode), then flash three times and turn off. The light is now in Lockout Mode and can only be turned on again by three clicks spaced no more than 0.3 seconds apart or by removing and reconnecting the input power.

## **5.5 Autosleep Mode UIF**

If Autosleep is enabled (see Sec 7.12), the timer will reset and start counting whenever a switch click or press occurs. When the selected number of minutes goes by without a click or press, the Autosleep function will commence dimming the light. The brightness level will visibly drop after each subsequent minute until the lowest light level is reached. After a further 10 minutes elapses from the start of dimming the light will turn itself off.

A press during any time after the dimming has commenced will return the light to its starting brightness level prior to dimming having started.

To turn off the light at any time during the sequence, click the switch.

## **5.6 Force Mode UIF**

Force mode (see Sec 7.1) overrides the initial turn-on brightness level that was set via the Adjustment Mode on the previous turn off. The user can always set a new temporary light level by using the Adjustment mode, but when Force is enabled, the manually-set level will be overridden the next time the light is turned off and back on.

## 6 UIB2 (Bicycle Optimized User Interface) - Constant and Strobe.

The various operating modes of UIB2/UIB2Q are described below. Please note that ALL operations are identical in constant and strobe modes – except for the click or press to enter those modes.

UIB2 and UIB2Q are functionally identical. The only difference between the two is whether or not the 3 second menu window flash occurs. For applications that utilize a separate power switch to turn the driver on and off, the 3 second menu window flash can be annoying and so UIB2Q provides a ‘quiet’ turn on. To access the menu system in UIB2Q requires pressing and holding the momentary action switch down while applying power since there is no “3 second menu window” (see Sec 7).

### 6.1 On/Off Mode (non Superlock) UIB2/UIB2Q

#### 6.1.1 In Duomode

- a. Constant Mode: A click turns on the light and further clicks toggle between low (L2 by default) and high (L5). From On, a press will turn off the light after a “safety delay” of about two seconds.
- b. Strobe Mode: A press will turn on and subsequent clicks will toggle from low strobe (L2 by default) and high strobe (L5). From on, a press will turn off the light after a “safety delay” of about two seconds.

#### 6.1.2 In Threemode

- a. Constant Mode: A click turns on the light and further clicks toggle between medium (L2 by default) and high (L5). From on, a press will dim the light to low and further pressing will flash the LED (as a warning) and turn off the light after a “safety delay” of about two seconds.
- b. Strobe Mode: A press will turn on and subsequent clicks will toggle from medium strobe (L3 by default) and high strobe (L5). From on, a press will dim the light to low and further pressing will flash the LED (as a warning) and turn off the light after a “safety delay” of about two seconds.

#### 6.1.3 In Trimode

- a. Constant Mode: A click turns on the light and further clicks toggle between low (L2 by default) and (medium (L3 by default) and high (L5). From on, a press will turn off the light after a “safety delay” of about two seconds.
- b. Strobe Mode: A press will turn on and subsequent clicks will toggle from low strobe (L2 by default) and medium strobe (L3 by default) and high strobe (L5). From on, a press will turn off the light after a “safety delay” of about two seconds.

#### 6.1.4 In Multimode

- a. Constant Mode: A click turns on at the previous level (or at Force Level if set), and further clicks brighten up to L5. Subsequent clicks will flash the LED to indicate that L5 has been reached. From on, a press will dim down to L1 (the LED will flash to warn that L1 has been reached). Continuing to press will turn off the light after a short “safety delay.”
- b. Strobe Mode: A press turns on at the previous level. Once on, clicks increase the brightness level up to L5. Subsequent clicks will flash the LED to indicate that L5 has been reached. From on, a press will dim down to L1 (the LED will then blink once to indicate that L1 has been reached). Continuing to press will turn off the light after a short “safety delay.” To simplify choosing the desired brightness level in strobe mode, when the switch is clicked or pressed the LED will go into constant mode for 1.5 seconds and then revert to strobe mode at the newly selected level. In other words, all level changes in strobe mode will be shown in constant mode before strobe resumes.

## **6.2 Adjustment Mode UIB2/UIB2Q**

### **6.2.1 In Duomode**

Constant & Strobe Modes: From on, clicking toggles between low and high. The brightness of low is chosen in the Duomode Menu (Sec 7.3). High is the selected Drive Current (Sec 7.2).

Each time the brightness level is changed the new level is stored in EEPROM ready to be retrieved the next time the unit is turned back on.

### **6.2.2 In Threemode**

Constant & Strobe Modes: From on, clicking toggles between medium and high. The brightness of low and medium are chosen in the UIBmode Menu (Sec 7.3). High is the selected Drive Current (Sec 7.2).

Each time the brightness level is changed the new level is stored in EEPROM ready to be retrieved the next time the unit is turned back on.

### **6.2.3 In Trimode**

Constant & Strobe Modes: From on, clicking toggles from low to medium to high and back to low. The brightness of low and medium are chosen in the UIBmode Menu (Sec 7.3). High is the selected Drive Current (Sec 7.2).

Each time the brightness level is changed the new level is stored in EEPROM ready to be retrieved the next time the unit is turned back on.

### **6.2.4 In Multimode**

- a. Brighter, Constant & Strobe Modes: From on, clicking cycles up through the five available levels. If L5 (highest) has been reached and the user clicks the switch again, the LED will flash to indicate that the maximum level has already been reached.
- b. Dimmer, Constant & Strobe Modes: From on, pressing cycles down through the five available levels. When L1 (lowest) has been reached, the LED will blink to indicate that the minimum level has been reached. If L1 is the desired level, release the switch. (If off is desired (Sec 6.1), continue to press the switch and the light will turn off after a brief “safety delay.”)

Note: In strobe mode, a click or press will temporarily exit strobe mode and enter constant mode to simplify the visual selection of the strobe level. 1.5 seconds after the last click, the LED will again strobe.

The five levels are factory-set.

Each time the brightness level is changed, the new level is stored in EEPROM ready to be retrieved next time the unit is turned back on.

### **6.3 Superlock Mode UIB2/UIB2Q**

To prevent accidental turn on or unintended use, the light can be electronically locked off. If Superlock is enabled, each time the user wants to turn the light on, 2 clicks spaced no more than 0.3 seconds apart must occur prior to the click or press that turns the light on (constant or strobe respectively).

In other words, to turn the light on with Superlock enabled:

- a. To Constant Mode: The user clicks three times, no more than 0.3 seconds apart.
- b. To Strobe Mode: The user clicks twice and presses, no more than 0.3 seconds apart.

## 7 Menu Selection (Configuring operation)

This section describes how to enter the Menu system and how to change operating options. All changes are stored in the EEPROM. Every Menu option modifies the operation of both modes - strobe and constant.

To access the Menu depends on whether you are in UIB2, UIB2Q menu mode or UIF/UIP menu mode.

If you are in UIB2 mode, then to access the menu system you must remove power (disconnect the battery) from the circuit and then re-apply power. A dim, rapid flash sequence from the LED will indicate that the “Menu entry window” is open (the window is open for three seconds). Within 3 seconds of applying power PRESS (not click) the switch and the LED will flash brightly 2 times, then stay steady dim to indicate that the Menu system has been entered.

Note: During the 3 second “Menu entry window” and while in the Menu system, temperature sensing is disabled to allow access even if an over temperature condition exists.

If you are in UIB2Q mode, then to access the menu system you must remove power (disconnect the battery) from the circuit and then re-apply power WHILE keeping the switch pressed down. The LED will flash brightly 2 times, then stay steady dim to indicate that the Menu system has been entered.

If you are in UIF/UIP mode, then start with the light on, or turn the light on and wait at least 1 second. Click 3 times quickly (the LED will flash off, on, off) and follow that with a press until the LED flashes. So the sequence from the light being on is simply click-click-click-press. The press must come directly after the three clicks, or the circuit will enter lockout mode with an indication of three bright flashes. When you have entered the Menu successfully, the LED will be steady dim.

Note: While in the Menu system, temperature sensing is disabled, again to enable access even if an over temperature condition exists.

Click the switch from 0 to 13 times (the LED will flash a response for each click, do NOT try to beat the flash) to select one of the Menu options to change as listed below. To exit the Menu system instead of choosing an option, press the switch before clicking (Sec 7.0). The LED will flash 2 times and then the light will turn off. To re-enter the Menu system you will need to perform the proper sequence as described above.

If any errors occur in selecting a Menu option (e.g. clicking more than 13 times or making an invalid selection), the LED will flash quickly 5 times to indicate an error and the user will be returned to the top of the Menu system as if it had just been entered.

If at any time you lose track or get confused about where you are in the Menu system, you can always remove power and only the settings that have been altered (if any) will have been written to the EEPROM.

After clicking from 0 to 13 times to select the Menu entry, press the switch to choose that menu option.

**Example (in UIB2 Menu mode) – set temperature protection to 70°C:**

1. Disconnect and reconnect power to the circuit. The LED will flash rapidly.
2. Within three seconds, press the switch. The LED will flash brightly two times and stay steady dim. You are in the Menu system.
3. Click eleven times to choose the Temperature Protection (wait for flash response after each click).
4. Press to select this option. The LED will light steady dim. You are in the *Temperature Selection* at the lowest option, 50°C
5. Clicking once will make the LED brighter, indicating 60°C. Clicking a second time brightens the LED again, indicating 70°C.
6. Press to save your selection. The LED will flash twice and stay steady. You have now saved the 70°C Temperature Selection, and are back to the top of the Menu.

If that is all you would like to set, press one more time to exit the Menu. Two flashes later, you are out of the Menu and into the normal operation mode. If instead you would like to set another Menu option, do not press, and go back to step three above and click the proper number of times for your next selection.

**Example (in UIBQ2 Menu mode) – set drive current to 70°C:**

1. Disconnect and reconnect power to the circuit WHILE keeping the switch pressed down.
2. The LED will flash brightly two times and stay steady dim. You are in the Menu system.
3. Click eleven times to choose the Temperature Protection (wait for flash response after each click).
4. Press to select this option. The LED will light steady dim. You are in the *Temperature Selection* at the lowest option, 50°C
5. Clicking once will make the LED brighter, indicating 60°C. Clicking a second time brightens the LED again, indicating 70°C.
6. Press to save your selection. The LED will flash twice and stay steady. You have now saved the 70°C Temperature Selection, and are back to the top of the Menu.

If that is all you would like to set, press one more time to exit the Menu. Two flashes later, you are out of the Menu and into the normal operation mode. If instead you would like to set another Menu option, do not press, and go back to step three above and click the proper number of times for your next selection.

**Example (in UIF/UIP Menu mode) – set drive current to 70°C**

1. Turn on the light (if it isn't already on) and wait at least 1 second.
2. Click the switch three times (no more than 0.3 sec apart) and then Press until the LED flashes once, release the switch. The LED will then stay steady dim. You are in the Menu system.
3. Click eleven times to choose the Temperature Protection (wait for flash response after each click).
4. Press to select this option. The LED will light steady dim. You are in the *Temperature Selection* at the lowest option, 50°C
5. Clicking once will make the LED brighter, indicating 60°C. Clicking a second time brightens the LED again, indicating 70°C.
6. Press to save your selection. The LED will flash twice and stay steady. You have now saved the 70°C Temperature Selection, and are back to the top of the Menu.

If that is all you would like to set, press one more time to exit the Menu. Two flashes later, you are out of the Menu and into the normal operation mode. If instead you would like to set another Menu option, do not press, and go back to step three above and click the proper number of times for your next selection.

## **7.0 Zero clicks – Nothing**

This option changes nothing and allows the user to exit the Menu system.

Initially the LED will be dim to indicate that the Menu system has been entered. If no (further) Menu changes are needed, a press will exit the Menu system (2 flashes). The light turns off and is ready to use.

## **7.1 One click - Force Mode Enable/Adjust/Disable**

This mode overrides the last-used level. Force Mode is ignored when Duomode is enabled.

Initially the LED will be dim to indicate that Force Level 1 (dimkest) will be selected (i.e. if you don't click, Force will become active and set to Level 1). Each click will cycle to the next Force setting. The sequence is:

- 0 click (actual L1) → Force Level 1 select
- 1 click (actual L2) → Force Level 2 select
- 2 click (actual L3) → Force Level 3 select
- 3 click (actual L4) → Force Level 4 select
- 4 click (actual L5) → Force Level 5
- 5 click (off) → Force Disabled (last-used level will be used) - default

The LED brightness matches the actual L1 – L5 brightness levels. When you are satisfied with the choice, press to save the setting. The LED will flash twice to indicate that the selection has been made and then go dim to indicate that it has returned to the Menu mode for the next selection.

## **7.2 Two clicks – Reserved/Unused**

### **7.3 Three clicks – Duomode Enable/Disable or UIF/UIP Selection**

This menu option behaves differently, depending on whether the firmware is set to UIB2/UIB2Q Base Mode or UIF/UIP Base Mode (see Sec 7.13)

#### For UIB2/UIB2Q Base Mode:

The circuit can be configured to operate in either a simple 2 level mode (Duomode), 3 level mode (2 level toggle called Threemode), 3 level mode (Trimode) or a more elaborate and flexible 5 level mode (Multimode). The force setting (Sec 7.1) will be ignored if Duomode, Threemode or Trimode are enabled.

For Duomode, Threemode and Trimode:

Initially the LED will be dim (actual L1 in this case) to indicate that L1 is chosen. Each click will cycle to the next choice and wrap back to the beginning.

- 0 click (actual L1) → low level L1 select
- 1 click (actual L2) → low level L2 select (default when UIB2 is first selected)
- 2 click (actual L3) → low level L3 select
- 3 click (actual L4) → low level L4 select

When you are satisfied with the choice, press to save the setting. For Duomode you are done and the LED will flash twice to indicate that the selection has been made and then go dim to indicate that it has returned to the Menu mode for the next selection. For Threemode, Trimode the LED will flash once and then go dim to wait for you to select the intensity for the user configurable medium level.

For Threemode and Trimode only:

Initially the LED will be dim (actual L1 in this case) to indicate that L1 is chosen. Each click will cycle to the next choice and wrap back to the beginning.

- 0 click (actual L1) → medium level L1 select
- 1 click (actual L2) → medium level L2 select
- 2 click (actual L3) → medium level L3 select (default when UIB2 is first selected)
- 3 click (actual L4) → medium level L4 select

#### For UIF/UIP Base Mode:

The circuit can be configured to operate in either UIF or UIP modes.

Initially the LED will be dim to indicate that UIF is chosen. Each click will cycle to the next choice and wrap back to the beginning.

- 0 click (dim) → UIF select
- 1 click (brighter) → UIP select - default

When you are satisfied with the choice, press to save the setting. The LED will flash twice to indicate that the selection has been made and then go dim to indicate that it has returned to the Menu mode for the next selection.

## **7.4 Four clicks – Superlock Enable/Disable**

To prevent accidental turn on or unintended use, the light can be electronically locked off.

For UIB2/UIB2Q Base Mode:

With Superlock enabled, each time the user wants to turn the light on, 2 clicks spaced no more than 0.3 seconds apart must occur prior to the click or press that turns the light on (constant or strobe respectively).

For UIF/UIP Base Mode:

With Superlock enabled, each time the user wants to turn the light on, 3 clicks spaced no more than 0.3 seconds apart must occur prior to the click or press that turns the light on (previous level or low respectively).

Initially the LED will be dim to indicate that Superlock Mode will be disabled (i.e. if you don't click, Superlock Mode will be disabled). A click will brighten the LED to indicate that Superlock Mode will be enabled. Each click will cycle between enabled and disabled.

- 0 click (dim) → Superlock disabled - default
- 1 click (brighter) → Superlock enabled

When you are satisfied with the choice, press to save the setting. The LED will flash twice and go dim to indicate that the selection has been made, and that the Menu mode has been reentered.

## **7.5 Five Clicks – Reserved/Unused**

## **7.6 Six Clicks – Reserved/Unused**

## **7.7 Seven Clicks – Reserved/Unused**

## **7.8 Eight Clicks – Reserved/Unused**

## **7.9 Nine clicks – Poweron Mode Enable/Disable**

The circuit can be configured to either power-up with the LED lit or unlit when power is first applied. E.g. In a light fixture that has an auxiliary power switch in series with the battery and the circuit, the user can choose to have the circuit illuminate the LED as soon as the power switch is turned on (after the menu-entry window has closed for UIB2/UIB2Q). In this case the user would Enable Poweron Mode.

Initially the LED will be dim to indicate that Poweron Mode will be disabled (i.e. if you don't click, Poweron Mode will be disabled). A click will brighten the LED to indicate that Poweron Mode will be enabled. Each click will cycle between enabled and disabled.

- 0 click (dim) → Poweron disabled
- 1 click (brighter) → Poweron enabled - default

When you are satisfied with the choice, press to save the setting. The LED will flash twice and go dim to indicate that the selection has been made, and that the Menu mode has been reentered.

The following shows how Poweron mode affects the operation of the driver when power is first applied (battery first connected or power turned on via a switch in series with the battery):

IF UIB2 normal:

If poweron is ON, d2Flex powers on with a flash sequence and stays on.

If poweron is OFF, d2Flex powers on with a flash sequence and then turns off (standby).

IF UIB2 Quiet:

If poweron is ON, no flash sequence and d2Flex turns on.

If poweron is OFF, no flash sequence and d2Flex goes off (standby).

If UIF/UIP:

If poweron is ON, d2Flex powers on.

If poweron is OFF, d2Flex turns off (standby).

By standby, what is meant is that d2Flex turns electronically off and waits to be turned on via the momentary action switch.

## **7.10 Ten Clicks – Configuration Reset (to initial shipping defaults)**

This Menu option allows a reset of all options to their initial shipping defaults (Sec 3.4) and/or to display the firmware version number.

Initially the LED will be dim to indicate that a Configuration Reset will not occur (i.e. if you don't click to toggle this option). A click will brighten the LED to indicate that a Configuration Reset will occur. Each click will toggle from active to inactive.

- 0 click (dim) → Reset will not occur - default
- 1 click (brighter) → Reset will occur

When you are satisfied with the choice, press to save the setting. The LED will flash N times (N = version number of the firmware) and go off to indicate that the selection has been made. After the Reset the light will remain **off** until turned back on by the user.

## **7.11 Eleven Clicks – Thermal Protection**

To protect the light from over-heating, a thermal trigger point can be set with this option. Obviously the temperature sensing will not be of any use in a light that has the LED heatsink/case far from the driver.

### For UIB2/UIB2Q Base Mode:

When the internal thermal sensor detects the configured temperature, the light level is dropped to L3 (corresponds to less than 1/3 of the maximum current of L5).

### For UIF/UIP Base Mode:

When the uController internal thermal sensor detects the configured temperature, the light level is dropped to L4 in UIF or L3 in UIP mode.

The user will not be able to access levels above L3 (or L4 for UIF) until the temperature has dropped a minimum of 5°C. At that time, full operation of the light is restored. Note: The sensor determines the temperature of the uController IC, not of the light case or the LED junction, etc.

Initially the LED will be dim to indicate that 50°C is chosen. Each click will cycle to the next temperature option and wrap back to the beginning. The sequence is:

- 0 click (dim) → 50°C
- 1 click (brighter) → 60°C
- 2 click (brighter) → 70°C
- 3 click (brighter) → 80°C
- 4 click (brightest) → 90°C
- 5 click (off) → disabled (default)

When you are satisfied with the choice, press to save the setting. The LED will flash twice and go dim to indicate that the selection has been made, and that the Menu mode has been reentered.

HINT: Choosing the appropriate temperature for a particular light will require some trial and error if temperature measurements of the case and thermal sensing IC aren't possible, e.g. due to lack of equipment. One way to do this is to allow the case to warm up to a temperature that is beyond your

comfort level. Set the temperature trip point (below) to 90°C and then turn the light on normally and see if the thermal protection activates. If it doesn't activate re-program to the 80°C setting and repeat until the appropriate temperature is found.

The average person will find 60°C as an uncomfortable case temperature for a light.

### **7.12 Twelve clicks - Autosleep Enable/Disable**

This menu option only applies in UIF or UIP modes. It is ignored in UIB2/UIB2Q mode.

To preserve battery life, this option allows d2Flex to switch the power off after a preset time.

Initially the LED will be dim to indicate Autosleep will activate in 15 minutes. Each click will cycle through the next time value. The sequence is:

- 0 click (dim) → 15 minutes,
- 1 click (brighter) → 30 minutes
- 2 click (brighter) → 1 hour
- 3 click (brighter) → 2 hour
- 4 click (brighter) → 4 hour
- 5 click (brighter) → 8 hour
- 6 click (off) → Autosleep disabled (default)

When you are satisfied with the choice, press to save the setting. The LED will flash twice and go dim to indicate that the selection has been made, and that the Menu mode has been reentered.

### **7.13 Thirteen clicks – Select UIB2, UIB2Q or UIF/UIP Base Mode**

This menu allows selection either of UIB2, UIB2Q or UIF/UIP base modes. The structure of the firmware is such that there are two totally separate operating environments due to the very different needs of UIB2/UIB2Q versus UIF/UIP.

Initially the LED will be dim to indicate that UIB2 base mode will be enabled (i.e. if you don't click, UIB2 Base Mode will be selected). A click will brighten the LED to indicate UIB2Q Base mode will be enabled and a further click will brighten the LED again to indicate that UIF/UIP Base Mode will be enabled. Each click will cycle through the next base mode. The sequence is:

- 0 click (dim) → UIB2 Base Mode
- 1 click (brighter) → UIB2Q Base Mode
- 2 click (brighter) → UIF/UIP Base Mode (shipping default)

If you select the UIF/UIP base mode, you then need to choose between UIF or UIP using Menu 3 (Sec 7.3).

When you are satisfied with the choice, press to save the setting.

For UIF/UIP selection, the LED will flash twice and go off to indicate that the selection has been made. The light will remain **off** until turned back on by the user.

For UIB2 and UIB2Q base mode the LED will flash once and then go dim to indicate a further submenu choice needs to be made.

Initially the LED will be dim to indicate that Duomode mode will be enabled (i.e. if you don't click, Duomode will be selected). A click will brighten the LED to indicate Threemode will be enabled, a further click will brighten the LED again to indicate that Trimode will be enabled and further click will brighten the LED again to indicate that Multimode will be enabled. Each click will cycle through the next UIB mode. The sequence is:

- 0 click (dim) → Duomode Selected
- 1 click (brighter) → Threemode Selected
- 2 click (brighter) → Trimode Selected
- 3 click (brighter) → Multimode Selected

When you are satisfied with the choice, press to save the setting. The LED will flash twice and go off to indicate that the selection has been made. The light will remain **off** until turned back on by the user.

### ***7.14 Menu Selection Complete***

Once the above Menu procedure is complete and the light turns off the new Menu selection is immediately active. The circuit is ready to be used.